

By TELEGRAPH TO CINCINNATI PAPERS.
LARGE AMERICAN STEAMER CINCINNATI.
San Francisco-San Francisco Railroad Accident on the Panama Railroad.

New York, June 25.
The steamer George Law, with passengers from San Francisco to the 2d inst., arrived at this port this morning. She brings \$1,952,990 in gold on freight, and 714 passengers. The last train, when conveying the passengers across the Isthmus railway, the coupling of one of the forward cars broke, causing a space between the foremost and hinder cars, and upon the signal being given to stop, the forward cars were stopped, but the hindermost cars continued to run with unabated velocity, and ran into the foremost one, causing a general crash. Three of the cars were badly injured, and a man, named Samuel Anderson, of Jefferson county, N. Y., who was standing on the platform of one of the cars, was killed.

The steamship Star of the West, from San Juan, has also arrived. She brings \$625,000 in gold and five hundred passengers. This steamer connected with the steamer Pacific, which left San Francisco on the afternoon of the 1st inst.

The French steam frigate Buzzard, and the British steamer Achilone, were at San Juan, waiting, it is said, the arrival of the Kinney expedition.

Four hundred ounces of gold were deposited at the San Francisco mint during eight days.

The reported defalcation of August Triverson, of the banking house of Wells, Fargo & Co., proves to be correct. The affairs of his thriving is set down at \$177,000. The affairs of Adams & Co. are before the Courts, and it will be decided, it is thought, that the firm is entitled to the benefit of the insolvent law.

Sanders, the forger, has gone to China. At a meeting of the creditors of Page, Bacon & Co., held on the 20th ult., C. K. Garrison pledged himself in the sum of \$400,000, to support the house, by the way of securing the creditors and staying further legal proceedings. The proposition gave general satisfaction, and the creditors were looking forward with renewed hope of being fully indemnified.

The papers received contain an unusual number of large strikes among the miners.

Business at San Francisco continued dull, without any important change in prices of the leading articles.

The mining news from the various parts of the State, is most encouraging, and the amount of gold being taken out is larger, it is thought, than at any previous time.

On the 18th ult., the entire block of buildings bounded by Davis, Front, Commercial and Sacramento streets, was entirely destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$750,000.

New York, June 25.

Mayor Wood has issued a proclamation in regard to the enforcement of the liquor law. He instructs the police in regard to the matter. He says he shall be guided by the opinions of the district attorney and corporation council, until the court gives contrary decision. He recommends to the police cautious discretion, and tells them they must not seize foreign liquors or make arrests for the sale of the same, except upon a warrant issued by a competent magistrate, and upon testimony other than their own.

Pittsburg, June 25.

The St. Paul's Roman Catholic Cathedral was dedicated to day, with the usual ceremonies. Bishops Hughes, of New York, and Kendrick, of Baltimore, and thirteen other Bishops and thirty-five Priests, participated. There was a large crowd in attendance.

Railroad Barbecue.

At the Cynthiaiana Barbecue a year ago Capt. Cunningham, in response to a toast in honor of Bourbon county, pledged the county for a barbecue here, on the completion of the road to Paris. The road was completed in the winter, and the pledge could not then be redeemed. Now, however, when the proper season for out-door entertainments has arrived, the people of Harrison are constantly reminding us of the promise to "kill the fatted calf." The honor of the county, our character for generous hospitality is at stake, and the barbecue must be given in first-rate style.

A meeting was held at the Court House on Tuesday last, to fix upon the time, and make the necessary arrangements for the feast. The day fixed upon was the 19th of July, the place, the Fair ground. An executive committee was appointed, who have in charge the supervision of the whole business.—Citizen.

Bariah Magoffin.

This man was round on Monday, trying to get some votes for Lieutenant Governor. He wears a very tall white hat, a great deal of hair on his face, red breeches, and other outlandish habiliments, which, we presume, he pulls off whenever he gets into what he considers a civilized part of the State. We advise his Harrodsburgh friends to send for him immediately, and dress him decently forthwith.

[Princeton Kentuckian.]

This same man arrived here late on last Sabbath evening, and soon retired to rest, doubtless, with the conviction that the "Mad Knight" friends in this section are few and far between. It was understood that he designed speaking here on some question, either on Monday or Tuesday, but he left early Monday morning, (not to return) without telling his business. He may have concluded that he got into "a civilized part of the State."

where his outlandish costume was not appreciated, and I thought it prudent to take a hie to the mountains.

[Elkton Banner.]

It would seem as if we should be in the class of John A. Murrell as in a Know-Nothing Council.

This is from a speech of Mr. Andrew Johnson, the anti-American candidate for Governor of Tennessee. We should about as soon expect to see the author of such a remark in the class of John A. Murrell as in any decent council.—Gov. Johnson seems to have quite a partiality for such villains as composed Murrell's gang, for it is said, that during a couple of years, he has pardoned more felons out of the penitentiary of that State than all the other Governors of Tennessee ever did before him.

[Lou. Jour.]

Buena Vista, June 24, 1855.

Mr. Editor:—Yesterday being the day appointed for the candidates to speak at Stony Point school-house, and feeling a curiosity to hear what they would have to say, I went over. There was about fifty or sixty assembled, forty-five of whom I know to be members of the American Order.

Gen. Desha, being 'the noblest Roman of them all,' was the first to 'mount the forum,' (figuratively speaking,) and explain to 'this vast concourse (?) of my assembled constituency the position I occupy'—the position I wish to 'okkupy'—and the great question that 'okkupies' the public mind, in doing which the Gen. 'okkupied, a great deal of time. He had a copy of the Constitution of the United States along, for what purpose we are profoundly ignorant, but judge from his remark that it was first principles, 'every time I read it, like the Holy Bible, I find new beauties,' and so on, ad infinitum, that he carried it with him as a book of general reference. While the General is exploring the Constitution for 'new beauties,' if he will deign to receive instruction from Sam, we will refer him to one clause in that instrument that appears to be a 'modern beauty' to him, that provides for any change in the laws of the General Government, respecting the naturalization of foreigners, any time after the year 1808. The General can't quite expound the Constitution like Mr. Webster could. He then attempted to defend the Catholic Church, but—well, to sum up his speech in a word, it was all 'red-hot.'

Capt. Newell, a kind of Jack Falstaff, who instead of slaughtering foot-pads, like Prince Hal's 'honest John,' made a most murderous assault on the King's English, and in a speech of about two hours length, he succeeded not only in taking its life, but baptised the body of his victim with the blood of Lindley Murray. The Captain spoke long and said nothing.

Mr. Glave was the only one of the three that displayed good sense—he had nothing to say.

After they had occupied the whole evening, and, as they thought, excluded Mr. Forrester from replying to them, they forsook the forum for their horses, and made a precipitate retreat. Mr. Forrester, however, in a speech of twenty minutes, completely used up the two 'men of war,' and the natural consequence of Saturday's proceedings was the addition of TEN MEMBERS to Buena Vista Council.

Yours truly, SAMUEL.

SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

MILLERSBURGH, KY., June 23, '55.

DEAR MORLEY:—It is with pleasure that I take my pen to-day to record one of the most brilliant triumphs for education which it has ever been my happy privilege to witness. I allude to the annual examination and commencement exercises of the Millersburgh Seminary, under the direction of Rev. Dr. George Savage and lady, assisted by an able and efficient corps of instructors. I feel proud of our State—for I have witnessed the examinations and been connected with some of the finest educational institutions in the New England States—the grand emporium of in the galaxy of the Union, of literature, and yet I can safely say with the most sincere devotion, that I never yet have seen this examination surpassed by any of them for critical and close investigation of the progress of the pupils. It is proper to remark that every one of the able instructors are natives of our own State, and therefore I say I am proud that she is able to produce such. Dr. Savage is a gentleman and a Christian, and has endeared himself to patrons and pupils by his sincere devotion to their mutual interests. His lady, Mrs. C. B. Savage, is possessed of a mind cast in the finest literary mould, and possesses the rare faculty of winning the affections of the pupil by her endearing graces. Miss Bright, the accomplished assistant in the music department, I believe to be one of the finest performers on the respective instruments I have yet seen. Miss Vanhook, your interesting towns-woman, has won a proud wreath of laurels for the efficient manner in which she has conducted the preparatory department.—The 'Maiden City' may be proud of such a daughter. The mathematical

department under the direction of Mr. Win. H. Savage, wreathed a laurel for their teacher's brow, of which he may well be proud. We venture the remark here, that no institution in the State possesses a more able and scientific mathematician than he. We have written this article unsolicited, with no other desire than to do justice to the energetic principal and board of instruction. Of the Lyceum exercises, music performances, &c., my time nor your space will not allow me to speak. With this institution is connected a cabinet of 400 specimens in natural science, a splendid set of chemical and philosophical apparatus, and a well selected library;—thus furnishing facilities for advancement in the sciences which we have never enjoyed before. Every one was pleased, and this is the strongest commendation the institution can receive—the approbation of the patrons, citizens and pupils.—The academical year commences on the first Monday in September.

Truly yours, REPORTER.

"The most confirmed cases of the most distressing diseases, arises from indigestion. All of us, more or less, are troubled with this annoying symptom, still it is a general thing, we do not attempt to medicate until some interference. We would as soon as monitor warn all our readers against the use of neglect, and at the same time recommend to their notice Dr. Holland's German Bitters, the original preparation as prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, No. 120 Arch street, Philadelphia. We have seen cures effected through its influence."

[Scott's Weekly.]

See advertisement.

A SECRET FOR THE LADIES.—HOW TO PRESERVE BEAUTY.—Don't use chalk, Lily-White, or any of the so-called cosmetics, to conceal a faded or sallow complexion.

If you would have the roses brought back to your cheeks, a clear, healthy and transparent skin, and vigor infused through the system, get a bottle of Carter's Spanish Mixture, and take it according to directions. It does not taste quite as well as your sweet-meats; but, if after a few days you do not find your health and beauty reviving, your step elastic and vigorous, the whole system refreshed and invigorated like a Spring morning, then your case is hopeless; and all the valuable certificates we possess go for naught.—It is the greatest purifier of the blood known; it is perfectly harmless, and at the same time powerfully efficacious. See advertisement. my10

H. G. FARRELL'S ARABIAN LINIMENT TRIUMPHANT OVER DISEASE.

This truly great medicine still goes on, conquering disease, and snatching many a poor powerless victim from the grave. By its powerfully stimulating, penetrating and anodyne qualities, it restores the use of limbs which have been palsied for years; and by its singular power of re-producing the synovial fluid or joint water, it cures all diseases of the joints with surprising rapidity. For rheumatism, and affections of the spine and pelvis, it is proved itself a specific; and for affections of the lungs, liver and kidneys, it is a most valuable and powerful auxiliary; also, for all diseases of the glands, scrofula, gaiter, or swollen neck, etc., etc. And indeed for almost any disease where an external application is required, this medicine stands unparalleled.—Sprains, bruises, cramps, wounds, chilblains, burns, etc., are speedily cured by it.

From the Hon. Peter Menard, one of the oldest settlers in Illinois.

It gives me pleasure to add my testimony to the virtues of your great medicine. One of my blooded horses had a swelling over the cap of the knee, about the size of a hen's egg. Some said it was a strain, and some, that it was the joint water from the knee, and could not be cured. I tried oil cedar oil, and all the humants and vintments, and they did no more good than water. I then, by persuasion of my friends, tried H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, and I was happy to find it take effect after a few days, and it finally cured the noble animal entirely. I think it is decidedly the greatest liniment for horses, as well as human flesh, I ever knew.

Tremont, Tazewell co., Ill., March 10, 1850.

PAISY OR PARALYSIS.

Thaddeus Smith, of Mud Creek, Tazewell co., Illinois, says: "I had lost the use of my arm for more than a year, by palsy or paralysis; the flesh had entirely withered away, leaving nothing but skin, muscle and bone. I tried all the best doctors, and all the remedies I could hear of, but they did no good. I then commenced the use of H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, and in a few bottles entirely cured me, and my arm is now as strong and fleshy as the other; it is also first rate for burns, sprains and bruises."

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS!

The public are cautioned against another counterfeit, which has lately made its appearance. W. B. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, the most dangerous of all the counterfeits, because having the name I sell, many buy in good faith, without the knowledge that the counterfeit exists, and they will perhaps on 17 discover their error when the serious mixture has wrought its effects.

The genuine article is manufactured only by G. F. Farrell, sole inventor and proprietor, and is sold by all the Agents who are properly addressed. Be sure you get the signature of the wrapper, and all others are counterfeits. Sold by D. A. GIVENS, Cynthiaiana, by regular authorized agents throughout the United States.

Price 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle. In the United States, it is not yet established. Address H. G. Farrell as above, accompanied with genuine certificate as to character, responsibility, etc. Nov. 16—4w

In this mammoth-worshipping age, it is rare to find a man place his usefulness to the public, before his interest. During a late visit to the "City of Sinners," we were presented by a professional friend to the celebrated chemist, Dr. James C. Ayer, whose name is now perhaps more familiar at the bedside of sickness than any other in this country. Knowing the unprecedented popularity of his medicines, and the immense sale of them, we had expected to find him a millionaire, and rolling in wealth. But no, we found him in his laboratory, busy with his laborers, among his crucibles, alembics, and retorts—giving his best personal care to the compounds, on the virtues of which thousands hang for health. We learned that notwithstanding his vast business and its prompt returns in cash, the Doctor is a rich man in the "City of Sinners," that the material is costly, and he persists in making his preparations so expensive, that the net profit is small.

[American Farmer, Phila.]

DRY-GOODS AND CARPET STORE.

JOHN SHILLITO & CO.

No. 12, East Fourth Street, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and purchasers generally, that they are now opening an extensive and complete assortment of

English, French, German & American DRY-GOODS, Also: Foreign and American CARPETING, Imported direct from Manufacturers in Europe, and purchased at Auction in New York, which they offer at low prices this season at about Eastern Importers and Manufacturers prices.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

Thoroughly seasoned, from 3 to 24 feet in width; a large

Family, Hotel keepers, Steamboat owners and strangers may depend upon finding the best class of goods in our line at prices as low as they can be purchased in the Eastern Cities.

March 29th, 1855—55

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership between us, existing from May 1st, 1854, in the Grocery business, was mutually dissolved on 20th January, 1855. The debts due from the firm of J. H. Lewis & Co. to any party, who will in connection with us continue to the business, are hereby acknowledged.

J. H. LEWIS & CO.

I HAVE opened a small lot of Hardware and Cutlery, which will be sold at cost and carried, for cash only, to the public.

J. M. L. MAYER.

my333t

WE are now opening an entire new stock of

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THE NEWS.

THURSDAY, - - - JUNE 28.

AMERICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

CHARLES S. MOREHEAD, of Franklin.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,

JAMES G. HARDY, of Warren.

FOR CONGRESS—EIGHTH DISTRICT.

A. K. MARSHALL, of Jessamine.

FOR STATE SENATE—HARRISON AND BRACKEN

COUNTIES,

JOHN WILLIAMS, of Harrison.

FOR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

DAVID RAYMOND,

THOMAS J. TERRY.

Any Council wishing copies of the

National Platform, to distribute among

its members, can get them at this office,

at 75 cts per hundred.

How all Parties Stand.

Below we give the planks from the various

platforms—American, Locofoco, Abolition

and Know Nothing—that defines the position of each party upon

the Nebraska-Kansas Act, which is the

most prominent test of love for the per-

petuity of the Union, in these stirring

times of political charlatanism. We ask

our readers to read these various planks

carefully, and form their own opinions,

without prompting from us, or any one.

We have an abiding faith in the patriot-

ism and intelligence of the people of old

Kentucky, and cheerfully leave them to

draw their own conclusions from the fol-

lowing declarations of the various par-

ties, on the good old Democratic doctrine

of State Rights, which does not recognize

the power of Congress to legislate upon

the internal social affairs of any particu-

lar State or States.

The first plank is from the platform of

the American Party, adopted at the re-

cent session of the National Council, held

in the city of Philadelphia.

"And regarding it the highest duty to

avow these opinions, upon a subject so

important, in distinct and unequivocal

terms, it is hereby declared, as the sense

of this National Council, that Congress

possesses no power under the constitu-

tion to legislate upon the subject of sla-

very in the States, or to exclude any State

from admission into the Union because

its constitution does or does not recog-

nize the institution of slavery as a part

of the social system, and expressly pre-

mitting any expression of opinion upon

the power of Congress to establish or

prohibit slavery in any Territory, it is the

sense of this National Council that Con-

gress ought not to legislate upon the sub-

ject of slavery as it exists in the District

of Columbia, and that any interference

of Congress with slavery, as it exists in

the said District, would be a violation of

the spirit and intentions of the compact

by which the State of Maryland ceded

it to the United States, and a breach of

the national faith.

The southern Locofoco press call the

party that avows the above sentiment

'Abolitionist.' We verily believe that if

the Declaration of Independence was to

appear in the columns of a Know-Nothing

paper, on the 4th of July next, every

Sag Night sheet east of sun-down would

brand it as an 'abolition dodge.'

By way of contrast to the above, here

is a plank from the Democratic platform

of Ohio:

"The people of Ohio, now, as they

HAVE ALWAYS DONE, look upon slavery as

an evil and unfavorable to the develop-

ment of free institutions, and that enter-

taining these sentiments, they will at all

times feel it to be their duty to use all

power clearly given by the terms of the

NATIONAL COMPACT, to prevent its in-

crease, to mitigate and finally to ERADICATE ITS

EVILS."

And, now, as an evidence of the boasted

unanimity of the Democracy, North

and South, look at this plank, which we

extract from the platform adopted by the

Democratic State Convention of Georgia:

"We adopt as our own the following

resolution passed unanimously by the

last legislature of Georgia:

"Resolved by the General Assembly of

the State of Georgia, That opposition to

the principles of the Nebraska bill in re-

lation to the subject of slavery is regard-

ed by the people of Georgia as hostility

to the people of the South, and that all

persons who partake in such opposition

are unfit to be recognised as component

parts of any party or organization not

hostile to the South."

That is only two spots of the many-

colored coat worn by the sham democra-

cy. Now let us look at the colors thrown

to the breeze by their abolition allies, under

Dr. A. K. Marshall and James O. Harrison, Esq., candidates for Congress in this district, will address the citizens of Russell's Mills, Bourbon county, on Saturday next. The county candidates of Bourbon, we understand, will also be present.

County Canvass.

On Thursday last, Messrs. Desha and

Novell addressed their fellow-citizens at

Col. Berry's station; on Friday at Le-

roy Lewis's; and on Saturday at Stony

Point, near Buena Vista. R. H. For-

rester, Esq., followed in reply at each of

the above places. His replies were re-

plete with sound sense and able argu-

ments. Mr. F. met and ably refuted the

various charges which were urged against

the American party; he denied that it

was a proscription party. He asserted

that it was not the object or intention of

this party to interfere with the vested

right or deprive any citizen, whether na-

tive or adopted, of any political privilege

which he had heretofore enjoyed under

the constitution and laws of the country.

But those who were "native, and to the

manor born," those who from infancy

to manhood had been taught a love and

reverence for the institutions of our

country, and who studied the complex

machinery of our government, were far

better qualified for and infinitely more

to be trusted with the management of

our governmental affairs, than any for-

eigner whatever. Mr. Forrester denied

that the American party was the enemy

to religious liberty; he proclaimed that

it was the zealous advocate of the most

unlimited religious liberty; that it would

rise up as one man to repel any encroach-

ment upon the right of every citizen to

worship God according to the dictates of

his own conscience; he denied that it was

hostile to the Catholic religion, but he

declared that its members, as a party, and

as individuals, were determined to oppose

the political machinations of the Pope

and the Church of Rome, and they claim-

ed and would exercise the privilege, never

hitherto denied, of withholding their sur-

frages from any one who believed in the

dangerous dogma inculcated by that

church, that allegiance to the Pope was

a higher duty than obedience to the con-

stitution and laws of the country.—

We are informed that at Stony Point,

Gen. Desha admitted that the Church of

Rome was the most intolerant and cruel

of all churches, and that his ancestors,

among the Huguenots of France, were

compelled to flee from the land that

gave them birth, to escape the horrible

persecutions of this same old Church of

Rome; and is it not a little strange that

a descendant of that noble people, the

Huguenot puritans, should, in this day,

become the defender of that very church

which expelled his ancestors from their

native France?

Mr. Forrester is one of the county

electors for the American party in Har-

rison county, and is fully endorsed by

the party.

Stick of Discussion.

The leaders of the Sag-Nicht, anti-

American faction in this county, have

been heretofore challenging the Ameri-

can party to discussion on the stump;—

but it was all gammon, for the very mo-

ment they were met on the stump, every

obstacle was attempted to be thrown in

the way of free discussion; and on one

occasion, a Sag-Nicht bully even at-

tempted to stop an American speaker by

BRUTE FORCE. We don't hear of any more

challenges from the Sag-Nicht candi-

dates "for any member of the American

party to meet them on the stump." On

the contrary, we see some of their can-

didates, as soon as they have delivered

themselves, strike a "bee-line" for home,

in order to break the personal force of a

reply; but we can assure them that such

a course of tactics won't win. If they

"lay themselves open," they will be

handled without gloves.

Hon. Frederick P. Stanton, of

Tennessee, a prominent Democratic

member of Congress for some years past,

is a member of the American Order,

and made a speech at the American ra-

tification meeting in New York last week.

So we go; the best of the Democracy

going with us.

The Albany (N. Y.) Register says

that New York adopts the American

Platform, and that the party in that

State "is this day a unit and were never

stronger."

Willis G. Hughes is the American

candidate for Congress in the first (Lynn

Boyd's) district. Mr. H. has heretofore

acted with the Democratic party.

A few days since, in Milford,

Bracken county, a noisy individual was

This gentleman will be met at Cyn-

thiana by that gallant and glorious Amer-

ican, the Hon. Garrett Davis. A rich

treasure is in store for the occasion. We

expect to see Sam on hand, with his in-

domitable sons.

Our Prospects.

Frequent inquiries are made as to the

prospects of the American party in Har-

rison county. We tell our friends through-

out this congressional district, that Har-

rison will roll up a majority in August

for the American ticket, that will astound

the political prophets who have been set-

ting her down for 200 majority, for the

Sag Nichts.

Foreign Emigration.

The fruits of the great American move-

ment are already seen, in the check which

has been given to the tide of foreign em-

igration. One hundred and twenty thou-

sand German emigrants have been de-

terred by it from coming to this country,

this year. T. D'Arcy McGee, the cham-

pion of the Catholic Irish, is, also, suc-

cessfully advising his countrymen to mi-

grate to Canada instead of the United

States, so as to concentrate their strength

there, with a view to the future conquest

of this country.

We do not object to a moderate emi-

gration of well disposed foreigners to this

country, as in the earlier days of the Re-

public. But of late years they have been

coming too thick and fast for the safety

of the country. The following table from

the last census of the United States, will

best illustrate the truth of our position:

1890 to 1890 50,000 1890 to 1890 570,419

1890 to 1890 70,000 1890 to 1890 1,077,390

1890 to 1890 114,000 1890 to 1890 57

1890 to 1890 138,956 1 1/2 years, 1,736,581

Lusus Naturæ.—We were shown, a

few days since, a curiosity, which was a

young duck, having 4 legs, 4 wings and

two heads, and bore other marks of be-

ing doubly formed. It did not live after

being hatched.

We regret to learn that Esquire

A. Rutter, recently elected Magistrate,

has been confined to his bed for some

weeks with chronic rheumatism, and

but little hopes are entertained of his re-

covery.

DROWNED.—On Saturday evening last

a valuable negro boy, aged 20 years,

belonging to Mr. Robbins, and who was

hired to Mr. John M. Kimbrough, of

this vicinity, was drowned, just at the old

"Bridge," near Spohn's slaughter-house,

while bathing in Licking river. It is sup-

posed that he must have cramped, as he

was a good swimmer. There were

some other boys in with him, who gave

the alarm, and great efforts were made

to rescue him, but owing to the depth of

the water, his body was not recovered

until after it had been in the water some

three hours.

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BULLARD'S PANORAMA OF NEW YORK CITY

Whitehead and E. R. & A. Jackson, Claysville;
Roser & Bro's, Ruddle's Mills, and by dealers in
Medicine and storekeepers everywhere.